

## Practice Exercises: Lesson 2.2

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STAT 1201 Introduction to Probability and Statistics

ONLINE AND DISTANCE EDUCATION

## **Exercises**

- **3.13** Joint and conditional probabilities. P(A) = 0.3, P(B) = 0.7
- (a) Can you compute P(A and B) if you only know P(A) and P(B)?
- (b) Assuming that events A and B arise from independent random processes,
  - i. what is P(A and B)?
  - ii. what is P(A or B)?
  - iii. what is P(A|B)?
- (c) If we are given that P(A and B) = 0.1, are the random variables giving rise to events A and B independent?
- (d) If we are given that P(A and B) = 0.1, what is P(A|B)?

**3.14 PB & J.** Suppose 80% of people like peanut butter, 89% like jelly, and 78% like both. Given that a randomly sampled person likes peanut butter, what's the probability that he also likes jelly?

**3.15** Global warming. A Pew Research poll asked 1,306 Americans "From what you've read and heard, is there solid evidence that the average temperature on earth has been getting warmer over the past few decades, or not?". The table below shows the distribution of responses by party and ideology, where the counts have been replaced with relative frequencies.<sup>40</sup>

		Response			
		Earth is	Not	Don't Know	
		warming	warming	Refuse	Total
	Conservative Republican	0.11	0.20	0.02	0.33
Party and	Mod/Lib Republican	0.06	0.06	0.01	0.13
Ideology	Mod/Cons Democrat	0.25	0.07	0.02	0.34
	Liberal Democrat	0.18	0.01	0.01	0.20
	Total	0.60	0.34	0.06	1.00

- (a) Are believing that the earth is warming and being a liberal Democrat mutually exclusive?
- (b) What is the probability that a randomly chosen respondent believes the earth is warming or is a liberal Democrat?
- (c) What is the probability that a randomly chosen respondent believes the earth is warming given that he is a liberal Democrat?
- (d) What is the probability that a randomly chosen respondent believes the earth is warming given that he is a conservative Republican?
- (e) Does it appear that whether or not a respondent believes the earth is warming is independent of their party and ideology? Explain your reasoning.
- (f) What is the probability that a randomly chosen respondent is a moderate/liberal Republican given that he does not believe that the earth is warming?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>Pew Research Center, Majority of Republicans No Longer See Evidence of Global Warming, data collected on October 27, 2010.

**3.16** Health coverage, relative frequencies. The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is an annual telephone survey designed to identify risk factors in the adult population and report emerging health trends. The following table displays the distribution of health status of respondents to this survey (excellent, very good, good, fair, poor) and whether or not they have health insurance.

			Health Status						
		Excellent	Excellent Very good Good Fair Poor Total						
Health	No	0.0230	0.0364	0.0427	0.0192	0.0050	0.1262		
Coverage	Yes	0.2099	0.3123	0.2410	0.0817	0.0289	0.8738		
	Total	0.2329	0.3486	0.2838	0.1009	0.0338	1.0000		

- (a) Are being in excellent health and having health coverage mutually exclusive?
- (b) What is the probability that a randomly chosen individual has excellent health?
- (c) What is the probability that a randomly chosen individual has excellent health given that he has health coverage?
- (d) What is the probability that a randomly chosen individual has excellent health given that he doesn't have health coverage?
- (e) Do having excellent health and having health coverage appear to be independent?

**3.17 Burger preferences.** A 2010 SurveyUSA poll asked 500 Los Angeles residents, "What is the best hamburger place in Southern California? Five Guys Burgers? In-N-Out Burger? Fat Burger? Tommy's Hamburgers? Umami Burger? Or somewhere else?" The distribution of responses by gender is shown below.<sup>41</sup>

		$G\epsilon$	Gender			
		Male	Female	Total		
	Five Guys Burgers	5	6	11		
	In-N-Out Burger	162	181	343		
Best	Fat Burger	10	12	22		
hamburger	Tommy's Hamburgers	27	27	54		
place	Umami Burger	5	1	6		
	Other	26	20	46		
	Not Sure	13	5	18		
	Total	248	252	500		

(a) Are being female and liking Five Guys Burgers mutually exclusive?

(b) What is the probability that a randomly chosen male likes In-N-Out the best?

- (c) What is the probability that a randomly chosen female likes In-N-Out the best?
- (d) What is the probability that a man and a woman who are dating both like In-N-Out the best? Note any assumption you make and evaluate whether you think that assumption is reasonable.
- (e) What is the probability that a randomly chosen person likes Umami best or that person is female?

 $<sup>^{41}\</sup>text{SurveyUSA},$  Results of SurveyUSA News Poll #17718, data collected on December 2, 2010.

## 3.2. CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY

**3.18** Assortative mating. Assortative mating is a nonrandom mating pattern where individuals with similar genotypes and/or phenotypes mate with one another more frequently than what would be expected under a random mating pattern. Researchers studying this topic collected data on eye colors of 204 Scandinavian men and their female partners. The table below summarizes the results. For simplicity, we only include heterosexual relationships in this exercise.<sup>42</sup>

		Pa			
		Blue	Brown	Green	Total
	Blue	78	23	13	114
Calf (manla)	Brown	19	23	12	54
Seif (maie)	Green	11	9	16	36
	Total	108	55	41	204

- (a) What is the probability that a randomly chosen male respondent or his partner has blue eyes?
- (b) What is the probability that a randomly chosen male respondent with blue eyes has a partner with blue eyes?
- (c) What is the probability that a randomly chosen male respondent with brown eyes has a partner with blue eyes? What about the probability of a randomly chosen male respondent with green eyes having a partner with blue eyes?
- (d) Does it appear that the eye colors of male respondents and their partners are independent? Explain your reasoning.

**3.19** Drawing box plots. After an introductory statistics course, 80% of students can successfully construct box plots. Of those who can construct box plots, 86% passed, while only 65% of those students who could not construct box plots passed.

- (a) Construct a tree diagram of this scenario.
- (b) Calculate the probability that a student is able to construct a box plot if it is known that he passed.

**3.20** Predisposition for thrombosis. A genetic test is used to determine if people have a predisposition for *thrombosis*, which is the formation of a blood clot inside a blood vessel that obstructs the flow of blood through the circulatory system. It is believed that 3% of people actually have this predisposition. The genetic test is 99% accurate if a person actually has the predisposition, meaning that the probability of a positive test result when a person actually has the predisposition is 0.99. The test is 98% accurate if a person does not have the predisposition. What is the probability that a randomly selected person who tests positive for the predisposition by the test actually has the predisposition?

**3.21** It's never lupus. Lupus is a medical phenomenon where antibodies that are supposed to attack foreign cells to prevent infections instead see plasma proteins as foreign bodies, leading to a high risk of blood clotting. It is believed that 2% of the population suffer from this disease. The test is 98% accurate if a person actually has the disease. The test is 74% accurate if a person does not have the disease. There is a line from the Fox television show *House* that is often used after a patient tests positive for lupus: "It's never lupus." Do you think there is truth to this statement? Use appropriate probabilities to support your answer.

**3.22** Exit poll. Edison Research gathered exit poll results from several sources for the Wisconsin recall election of Scott Walker. They found that 53% of the respondents voted in favor of Scott Walker. Additionally, they estimated that of those who did vote in favor for Scott Walker, 37% had a college degree, while 44% of those who voted against Scott Walker had a college degree. Suppose we randomly sampled a person who participated in the exit poll and found that he had a college degree. What is the probability that he voted in favor of Scott Walker?<sup>43</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup>B. Laeng et al. "Why do blue-eyed men prefer women with the same eye color?" In: *Behavioral Ecology and* Sociobiology 61.3 (2007), pp. 371–384.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup>New York Times, Wisconsin recall exit polls.

## Chapter exercises

**3.39** Grade distributions. Each row in the table below is a proposed grade distribution for a class. Identify each as a valid or invalid probability distribution, and explain your reasoning.

	Grades						
	Α	В	С	D	$\mathbf{F}$		
(a)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1		
(b)	0	0	1	0	0		
(c)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	0		
(d)	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	-0.1		
(e)	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1		
(f)	0	-0.1	1.1	0	0		

**3.40** Health coverage, frequencies. The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is an annual telephone survey designed to identify risk factors in the adult population and report emerging health trends. The following table summarizes two variables for the respondents: health status and health coverage, which describes whether each respondent had health insurance.<sup>64</sup>

		Health Status					
		Excellent	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Total
Health	No	459	727	854	385	99	2,524
Coverage	Yes	$4,\!198$	6,245	$4,\!821$	$1,\!634$	578	$17,\!476$
	Total	$4,\!657$	6,972	$5,\!675$	2,019	677	20,000

- (a) If we draw one individual at random, what is the probability that the respondent has excellent health and doesn't have health coverage?
- (b) If we draw one individual at random, what is the probability that the respondent has excellent health or doesn't have health coverage?

**3.41 HIV in Swaziland.** Swaziland has the highest HIV prevalence in the world: 25.9% of this country's population is infected with HIV.<sup>65</sup> The ELISA test is one of the first and most accurate tests for HIV. For those who carry HIV, the ELISA test is 99.7% accurate. For those who do not carry HIV, the test is 92.6% accurate. If an individual from Swaziland has tested positive, what is the probability that he carries HIV?

**3.42** Twins. About 30% of human twins are identical, and the rest are fraternal. Identical twins are necessarily the same sex – half are males and the other half are females. One-quarter of fraternal twins are both male, one-quarter both female, and one-half are mixes: one male, one female. You have just become a parent of twins and are told they are both girls. Given this information, what is the probability that they are identical?

**3.43 Cost of breakfast.** Sally gets a cup of coffee and a muffin every day for breakfast from one of the many coffee shops in her neighborhood. She picks a coffee shop each morning at random and independently of previous days. The average price of a cup of coffee is \$1.40 with a standard deviation of  $30 \notin (\$0.30)$ , the average price of a muffin is \$2.50 with a standard deviation of  $15 \notin$ , and the two prices are independent of each other.

- (a) What is the mean and standard deviation of the amount she spends on breakfast daily?
- (b) What is the mean and standard deviation of the amount she spends on breakfast weekly (7 days)?

 $<sup>^{64}</sup>$  Office of Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, BRFSS 2010 Survey Data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup>Source: CIA Factbook, Country Comparison: HIV/AIDS - Adult Prevalence Rate.